國立陽明交通大學 運輸與物流管理學系 碩士論文

Department of Transportation and Logistics Management
National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University
Master Thesis

考慮部分涵蓋之捐血車區位途程問題
The Bloodmobile Location Routing Problem
Considering Partial Coverage

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中華民國一一四年 六 月 June 2025

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碩士論文

A Thesis

Submitted to Department of Transportation and Logistics Management College of Management

> National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Science in

Logistics Management

June 2025 Taiwan, Republic of China

中華民國一一四年六月

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摘要

本研究探討考慮部分涵蓋之捐血車區位途程問題,從血液收集機構的角度出發,以最小化總成本為目標建構數學模式,成本包含捐血車總旅行成本、捐血車固定成本以及未滿足目標採集血量之懲罰成本。本研究針對該問題建構了一個混合整數線性規劃模式,用以求解在規劃期間內,捐血車預計停留的捐血點以及拜訪這些捐血點的路徑。本研究以部分涵蓋函數,如線性函數以及 S型函數,來量化到捐血點間的距離對於民眾捐血意願的影響,使問題更貼近實務狀況。另外,針對未被滿足的目標採集血量,會藉由懲罰成本來反映在目標式上,希望藉此平衡目標採集血量以及總成本。本研究收集臺灣血液基金會之實際資料,針對臺北、新北市範圍產生測試例題。對於中、小規模範例,使用Gurobi 最佳化軟體求解所建構的數學模式,為了提升大規模問題的求解效率,進一步發展兩階段啟發式演算法,從測試結果可以看出,若使用啟發式演算法能大幅縮短求解時間。本研究成果提供血液收集機構在規劃捐血點與捐血車路徑之決策參考,具有理論與實務之貢獻。

關鍵字:部分涵蓋、血液供應鏈、捐血車區位途程問題、數學規劃、啟發式演算法

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Abstract

This study investigates the partial-coverage location-routing problem for

bloodmobiles from the perspective of a blood-collection agency. A mixed-integer linear programming model is developed to minimize the total cost—comprising travel costs,

fixed costs, and penalty costs for failing to meet target collection volumes—over a

given planning horizon. To better reflect real-world donor behavior, both linear and sigmoid partial-coverage functions are independently incorporated, quantifying how

the distance between bloodmobiles and donation sites affects donor willingness. Unmet

collection targets are penalized in the objective function to balance blood-collection

goals against overall cost. Using actual operational data provided by the Taiwan Blood

Services Foundation, computational experiments are conducted for the Taipei and New

Taipei City regions. For small- to medium-scale test instances, the model is solved

optimally using the Gurobi optimizer; for large-scale instances, a two-phase heuristic

algorithm is proposed, demonstrating a substantial reduction in solution time. The

findings offer both theoretical insight and practical guidance for blood-collection

agencies in planning the locations of donation sites and the routing of collection

vehicles.

Keywords: Partial-coverage Blood Supply Chain Bloodmobile Location

Routing Problem · Mathematical Programming · Heuristic Algorithm

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